FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021 AND 2020

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors

NATIONAL HEALTH LAW PROGRAM, INC.
Los Angeles, California

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of National Health Law Program, Inc. (the "Organization"), which comprise the statements of financial position as of December 31, 2021 and 2020, and the related statements of activities, functional expenses, and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Organization as of December 31, 2021 and 2020, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Organization and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt the Organization's ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the date that the financial statements are available to be issued.

Auditors' Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures
 include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial
 statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the Organization's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion
 is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Organization's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

El Segundo, California March 28, 2022

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STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

DECEMBER 31, 2021 AND 2020

ASSETS

	 2021	 2020
Current Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 16,465,155	\$ 14,895,331
Investments	4,640,535	4,082,611
Current portion of grants receivable	3,108,521	1,644,860
Accounts receivable	135,655	84,623
Prepaid expenses	88,675	60,178
1 1		
	24,438,541	20,767,603
Property and Equipment, net	 5,177	 6,351
Non-current Assets		
Intangible asset, net	_	7,222
Grants receivable, net of current portion	35,000	1,050,000
Deferred rent asset	29,228	45,763
Deposits Deposits	37,335	39,421
Deposits	 37,333	 37,121
	101,563	1,142,406
	 ,	, , , , , , , , , , , ,
	\$ 24,545,281	\$ 21,916,360

STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

DECEMBER 31, 2021 AND 2020

LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS

	2021	2020
Current Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued expenses Deferred revenue	\$ 620,108 229,906 9,344	\$ 689,875 278,319 25,792
	859,358	993,986
Deferred Rent	86,811	137,872
Total Liabilities	946,169	1,131,858
Commitments (Note 8)		
Net Assets Without donor restrictions With donor restrictions	16,008,894 7,590,218	14,441,902 6,342,600
	23,599,112	20,784,502
	\$ 24,545,281	\$ 21,916,360

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

Revenues		thout donor	With donor restrictions		Total
Grants	\$	1,670,441	\$ 8,798,422	2	10,468,863
Contributions and gifts	Ψ	254,429	ψ 0,770, 4 22	Ψ	254,429
In-kind contributions		284,859	_		284,859
Service income		605,620	_		605,620
Investment income		562,432	_		562,432
Other income		112,042	_		112,042
Net assets released from restriction		7,550,804	(7,550,804))	-
Expenses Program services General and administrative		7,530,596 1,824,783	<u>1,247,618</u> - -		7,530,596 1,824,783
Fundraising		9,473,635		_	9,473,635
Change in Net Assets		1,566,992	1,247,618		2,814,610
Net Assets, Beginning of Year		14,441,902	6,342,600		20,784,502
Net Assets, End of Year	\$	16,008,894	\$ 7,590,218	\$	23,599,112

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

D.		nout donor	With donor restrictions		Total
Revenues Grants	\$	2 029 075	\$ 3,943,612	Ф	7 001 607
Contributions and gifts	Ф	3,938,075 293,550	\$ 3,943,012	Ф	7,881,687 293,550
In-kind contributions		655,615	-		655,615
Service income		588,610	-		588,610
Investment income		550,055	_		550,055
Other income		105,673	_		105,673
Net assets released from restriction		5,841,363	(5,841,363)	103,073
Expenses		11,972,941	(1,897,751)	10,075,190
Program services		6,780,237	_		6,780,237
General and administrative		1,637,119	_		1,637,119
Fundraising		288,267	_		288,267
	_	8,705,623			8,705,623
Change in Net Assets		3,267,318	(1,897,751)	1,369,567
Net Assets, Beginning of Year		11,174,584	8,240,351		19,414,935
Net Assets, End of Year	\$	14,441,902	\$ 6,342,600	\$	20,784,502

NATIONAL HEALTH LAW PROGRAM, INC. STATEMENT OF FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Program Services		<u> </u>		•		General and Administrative		<u>F</u> ı	ındraising	_	Total
Salaries and wages	\$	3,310,392	\$	900,951	\$	87,868	\$	4,299,211				
Fringe benefits		842,839		231,368		20,389		1,094,596				
Sub-contractors		537,745		15,402		-		553,147				
Sub-grants		1,756,607		-		_		1,756,607				
Consultants		256,713		508,256		-		764,969				
In-kind contributions		284,859		-		_		284,859				
Supplies and materials		56,359		4,194		95		60,648				
Mailing and production		8,197		3,346		82		11,625				
Facility and equipment		428,764		127,763		310		556,837				
Travel		73		1,604		-		1,677				
Meetings and events		3,933		13,512		173		17,618				
Licenses and fees		32,586		10,188		9,336		52,110				
Insurance and other expenses		11,529		7,601		3		19,133				
Other nonpersonnel expenses	_			598				598				
	\$	7,530,596	\$	1,824,783	\$	118,256	\$	9,473,635				

NATIONAL HEALTH LAW PROGRAM, INC. STATEMENT OF FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Program Services	General and Administrative		<u>Fu</u>	ndraising		Total
Salaries and wages	\$ 3,106,055	\$	745,453	\$	203,784	\$	4,055,292
Fringe benefits	847,442		273,075		55,600		1,176,117
Sub-contractors	240,298				· -		240,298
Sub-grants	1,192,986		-		_		1,192,986
Consultants	242,814		393,503		2,601		638,918
In-kind contributions	647,369		8,246		-		655,615
Supplies and materials	59,637		2,432		133		62,202
Mailing and production	13,490		1,815		776		16,081
Facility and equipment	348,964		189,408		256		538,628
Travel	18,916		5,817		4,189		28,922
Meetings and events	17,046		11,165		10,451		38,662
Licenses and fees	32,428		1,590		10,477		44,495
Insurance and other expenses	12,753		1,677		-		14,430
Other nonpersonnel expenses	 39		2,938		<u>-</u>	_	2,977
	\$ 6,780,237	\$	1,637,119	\$	288,267	\$	8,705,623

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021 AND 2020

		2021		2020
Cash Flows from Operating Activities				
Change in net assets	\$	2,814,610	\$	1,369,567
Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets to net				
cash provided by operating activities:				
Depreciation and amortization		8,396		9,936
Net realized and unrealized gains on investments		(500,858)		(390,701)
Contributed stock		(1,522,543)		(1,109)
(Increase) decrease in operating assets:				
Proceeds from sales of contributed stock		1,524,394		1,073
Grants receivable		(448,661)		1,488,560
Accounts receivable		(51,032)		37,437
Prepaid expenses		(28,497)		(40,972)
Deferred rent asset		16,535		13,977
Deposits		2,086		(6,239)
Increase (decrease) in operating liabilities:				
Accounts payable		(69,768)		260,222
Accrued expenses		(48,412)		136,368
Deferred revenue		(16,448)		17,265
Deferred rent		(51,061)		(45,993)
Net cash provided by operating activities		1,628,741		2,849,391
Cash Flows from Investing Activities				
Purchases of investments		(58,917)		(107,747)
Proceeds from maturity of investments		<u> </u>		1,847,648
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	_	(58,917)		1,739,901
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents		1,569,824		4,589,292
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year	_	14,895,331	1	10,306,039
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$	16,465,155	\$ 1	14,895,331

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021 AND 2020

NOTE 1 - NATURE OF OPERATIONS

National Health Law Program, Inc. (the "Organization") was organized in March 1976 pursuant to the General Non-Profit Corporation Law of California. The Organization is a national public interest law firm, supported primarily through donor contributions and grants, that seeks to improve healthcare for America's working and unemployed poor, minorities, elderly and people with disabilities through concentrated efforts in key health policies such as Medicaid services, essential health benefits, reproductive and behavioral health, child and adolecent health, immigrant health, and disability rights. The Organization provides legal services to community-based organizations, the private bar, providers, and individuals who work to preserve a healthcare safety net for the millions of uninsured or underinsured low-income people.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Accounting

The accounts of the Organization are maintained on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP").

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statements of cash flows, the Organization considers all highly liquid investments with an initial maturity of three months or less at the date of purchase to be cash equivalents.

Investments

Investments are stated at fair value based on quoted market prices. Unrealized gains and losses are included in the change in net assets. Realized gains and losses are computed and recognized using the specific identification method.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021 AND 2020

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

<u>Investments</u> (Continued)

The Organization's investments are exposed to various risks such as interest rate, market and credit risks. Due to the level of risk associated with investments, it is at least reasonably possible that changes in the fair value of investments may occur in the near term and could materially affect the amounts reported in the financial statements.

Grants Receivable

Grants receivable in the accompanying statements of financial position consist of unconditional promises to give which are recorded at their net realizable value at the time the promises are received. Unconditional promises to give due in more than one year are recognized at fair value, using present value techniques and a discount rate based on Treasury yield curve rates corresponding to the period of the grant. As of December 31, 2021 and 2020, grants that were to be received in one to five years totaled \$35,000 and \$1,050,000, respectively, of which of which the discounts to present value were considered by management to be negligible and therefore the balances were not adjusted.

Management has determined that all grants receivable are fully collectible; therefore, no allowance for uncollectible accounts is considered necessary at December 31, 2021 and 2020.

Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable arising from service contracts represent an unconditional right to payment, are unsecured, and the Organization is at risk to the extent such amounts become uncollectible. The allowance for doubtful accounts includes management's estimate of the amounts expected to be lost on specific accounts receivable and for losses on unidentified accounts included in accounts receivable. In estimating potential losses, management relies on payment history, stability of debtors, historical experience and industry trends. Receivables are written off when management determines the receivable is worthless. The amounts the Organization will ultimately realize could differ materially in the near term from the amounts assumed in arriving at the receivables reported in the financial statements.

Management has determined that all accounts receivable are fully collectible; therefore, no allowance for uncollectible accounts is considered necessary as of December 31, 2021 and 2020.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021 AND 2020

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Property and Equipment

Purchased property and equipment is recorded at cost. Contributed property and equipment is recorded at fair value at the date of donation. If donors stipulate how long the assets must be used, the contributions are recorded as assets with restrictions. In the absence of such stipulations, contributions of property and equipment are recorded as assets without restrictions.

The Organization uses the straight-line method of depreciation over the estimated useful lives of the respective assets for financial reporting purposes. Leasehold improvements are amortized over the shorter of the estimated useful life of the improvement or the term of the lease. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Office furniture and equipment Leasehold improvements

3 - 10 years 10 years

Normal repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred, whereas significant charges that materially increase values or useful lives are capitalized and depreciated over the estimated useful lives of the related assets.

Long-lived Assets

Long-lived assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that their carrying amounts may not be recoverable. If the cost basis of a long-lived asset is greater than the projected future undiscounted net cash flows from such asset (excluding interest), an impairment loss is recognized. Impairment losses are calculated as the difference between the cost basis of an asset and its estimated fair value.

During the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, management noted no indicators requiring review for impairment and no adjustments have been made to the carrying values of long-lived assets. There can be no assurance, however, that market conditions will not change or demand for the Organization's services will continue which could result in impairment of long-lived assets in the future.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021 AND 2020

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Intangible Asset

The intangible asset consists of website development costs. These costs are deemed to have definite lives and are amortized on a straight-line basis over their useful life, which currently is over a three year period. Intangible assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of the asset may not be recoverable. The intangible asset has a cost basis of \$26,000. Accumulated amortization was \$26,000 and \$18,778 as of December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively, while amortization expense was \$7,222 and \$8,667 for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

Deferred Rent

Rent expense is recognized on a straight-line basis over the life of the lease. The difference between rent expense recognized and rental payments, as stipulated by the lease, is reflected as deferred rent on the balance sheet.

Revenue Recognition

The Organization recognizes contribution revenue in accordance with Topic 958 *Not-for-Profit Entities*. As such, the Organization considers specific criteria when determining whether a contract or agreement should be accounted for as a contribution or as an exchange transaction, and when determining whether a contribution is conditional or unconditional.

Grants

Revenue from cost reimbursable grants is recorded to the extent of expenses incurred applicable to the grant. Any difference between expenses incurred and the total funds received (not to exceed the grant maximum) is recorded as a receivable or deferred revenue, whichever is applicable.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021 AND 2020

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Revenue Recognition (Continued)

Contributions and Gifts

All contributions and gifts support are considered available for the Organization's general programs unless specifically restricted by the donor. Amounts received that are designated for future periods or restricted by the donor are reported as net assets with donor restrictions and increase that respective net asset class. When a restriction expires (that is, when a stipulated time restriction ends or purpose restriction is accomplished), net assets with donor restrictions are reclassified to net assets without donor restrictions and reported in the statement of activities as net assets released from restriction.

The Organization also recognizes revenue in accordance with Topic 606 Revenue from Contracts with Customers. As such, revenue is recognized when, or as, control of a promised product or service transfers to a customer, in an amount that is based on the consideration the Organization expects to receive in exchange for transferring those products or services.

Service Income

Service income consists of Service Contracts, Attorney Fees, and Conference Fees.

Service contracts are primarily comprised of professional services under fixed-price and cost-reimbursable contracts. Service contracts are considered a single performance obligation and revenue is recognized over time using an output method or costs incurred to date, because there is an enforceable right to payment and the goods and services do not create an asset with an alternative use. The output method is based on the right to invoice practical expedient, allowing the Organization to recognize revenue in the amount for which it has the right to invoice, which corresponds directly with the value of the entity's performance completed to date.

Attorney fees are for services provided on a contingent basis and are recognized as a single performance obligation upon settlement of the related legal case. The Organization is not able to estimate the variable consideration for current ongoing cases, as the future outcome is highly susceptible to factors outside of the Organization's control. When and if the Organization receives a favorable judgment, revenue is recognized to the extent of attorney fees received from the settlement once amounts are determinable. The Organization reviews and updates estimates of variable consideration at each reporting date until the uncertainty is resolved.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021 AND 2020

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Revenue Recognition (Continued)

Service Income (Continued)

Conference fees are derived from an annual conference held by the Organization. Revenue is recognized on the date the event takes place.

Other Income Revenue

Rental income arising from an operating sublease is recognized in Other Income on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease, in accordance with Topic 840 *Leases*. The difference between rent income recognized and rental payments received, as stipulated in the lease, is reflected as deferred rent asset in the statements of financial position.

Contributed Services and Materials

Contributed services are reported at fair value at the date of donation in the financial statements for voluntary donations of services when those services (1) create or enhance non-financial assets or (2) require specialized skills provided by individuals possessing those skills and are services which would typically be purchased if not provided by donation. The contributed services are reflected as in-kind contributions in revenue and an equivalent amount as an expense in the statement of activities.

Sub-grants

The Organization's sub-grant expenditures that are not subject to future donor-imposed conditions are considered unconditional and recognized in the period when the sub-grant is approved and countersigned. Conditional sub-grants are recognized as grant expense in the period in which the grantee meets the terms of the conditions.

Functional Expenses

Operating expenses directly identified with a functional area are charged to that area. Expenses affecting more than one area are allocated on a reasonable basis that is consistently applied. The expenses that are allocated include compensation and related costs, and employee benefits, which are allocated on a basis of time and effort. Other expenses allocated include occupancy and other operating expenses, which are allocated based on wages and number of employees, respectively.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021 AND 2020

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Income Taxes

The Organization is a nonprofit corporation that is exempt from the payment of income taxes under Internal Revenue Code Section 501(c)(3) and the California Revenue and Taxation Code Section 23701(d). Accordingly, no provision has been made for income taxes.

The Organization evaluates uncertain tax positions whereby the effect of the uncertainty would be recorded if tax positions were more likely than not to be sustained upon examination. Management has evaluated the Organization's tax positions and believes there are no uncertain positions required to be recorded or disclosed for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020.

By statute, the Organization's federal and state income tax returns generally remain subject to examination by taxing authorities for three and four years, respectively, from the date the return is filed.

Concentrations and Risks

The Organization's cash and cash equivalents and investment balances held at financial institutions generally exceed federally insured limits or exceed amounts insured by Securities Investor Protection Corporation. The Organization has not experienced and does not anticipate any losses relating to these accounts.

As of December 31, 2021, four donors represented approximately 74% of grants receivable. As of December 31, 2020, two of those donors and one other represented approximately 74% of grants receivable.

The Organization received grants from two donors in 2021 that constituted 65% of total grants and contributions. Both of those donors and two others represented approximately 63% of total grants received in 2020.

The COVID-19 pandemic has continued to endure through 2022, and represents a market and economic risk factor. As a result, there has been a continued uncertainty and disruption in the global economy and financial markets. The Organization continues to follow the policies described above, including those related to impairments of long-lived and intangible assets, and estimates and assumptions that affect certain assets. While the results of current analyses did not result in any material adjustments to amounts as of December 31, 2021 or 2020, respectively, circumstances related to the COVID-19 pandemic may result in recording impairments and credit losses in future periods.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021 AND 2020

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Liquidity and Availability of Financial Assets

The Organization's financial assets available within one year of the statement of financial position date for general expenditure are as follows:

		2021		2020
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	16,465,155	\$	14,895,331
Investments Current portion of grants receivable		4,640,535 3,108,521		4,082,611 1,644,860
Accounts receivable	_	135,655		84,623
	<u>\$</u>	24,349,866	<u>\$_</u>	20,707,425

As part of the Organization's liquidity management, it has a policy to structure its financial assets to be available as its general expenditures, liabilities, and other obligations come due. To accomplish this, the Organization invests cash above operating requirements in short-term highly liquid investments.

Reclassification

Certain amounts reported in the prior year financial statements have been reclassified to conform to the current year presentation. Such reclassifications had no effect on net assets or the change in net assets reported as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020.

NOTE 3 - FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The framework for measuring fair value provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (level 3).

The three levels of the fair value hierarchy under Financial Accounting Standards Board Accounting Standards Codification 820 are described as follows:

Level 1 Inputs to the valuation methodology are unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the Organization has the ability to access.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021 AND 2020

NOTE 3 - FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (CONTINUED)

Level 2	Inputs to the valuation methodology include: quoted prices
	for similar assets or liabilities in active markets; quoted prices
	for identical or similar assets or liabilities in inactive markets;

for identical or similar assets or liabilities in inactive markets; inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability; inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or

other means.

If the asset or liability has a specified (contractual) term, the level 2 input must be observable for substantially the full

term of the asset or liability.

Level 3 Inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and

significant to the fair value measurement.

The asset or liability's fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used need to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

There have been no changes in the methodologies used at December 31, 2021 and 2020.

The following tables set forth by level, within the fair value hierarchy, the Organization's assets at fair value:

Assets at Fair Value as of December 31, 2021

		Level 1		Level 2		Level 3		<u>Total</u>
Investments: Cash equivalents	\$	128	\$	-	\$		_	\$ 128
Exchange traded funds	_	4,640,407	_		_		_	 4,640,407
	\$	4,640,535	\$		\$		<u>-</u>	\$ 4,640,535

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021 AND 2020

NOTE 3 - FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (CONTINUED)

NOTE 4 -

Assets at Fair Value as of December 31, 2020

	Decemb	er 31, 2020			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3		<u>Total</u>
Investments: Cash equivalents Exchange traded funds	4,082,542	\$ 	- \$ - <u>\$</u>	<u> </u>	\$ 69 4,082,542 \$ 4,082,611
Investment income consists of	of the following	g:			
		-	2021	- —	2020
Interest and dividends Net realized and unrealize	ed gains	<u> </u>	\$ 61,574 500,858	\$	159,354 390,701
		≟	\$ 562,432	\$	550,055
PROPERTY AND EQUIPM	ENT				
Property and equipment cons	ists of the follo	owing:			
		-	2021		2020
Office furniture and equip Leasehold improvements	oment	-	\$ 29,183 12,690	\$	29,183 12,690
Accumulated depreciation	1	-	41,873 (36,696))	41,873 (35,522)
		(<u>=</u>	\$ 5,177	\$	6,351

Depreciation expense totaled \$1,174 and \$1,269 for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021 AND 2020

NOTE 5 - NET ASSETS WITH DONOR RESTRICTIONS

Net assets with donor restrictions are available for program-specific expenditures and future operations. Net assets were released from donor restrictions by incurring expenses satisfying the restricted purposes specified by the donors or the passage of time.

Net assets with donor restrictions consist of the following:

	 2021	 2020
Program restricted Operations - time restricted	\$ 7,590,218	\$ 6,277,600 65,000
	\$ 7,590,218	\$ 6,342,600

NOTE 6 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLAN

The Organization maintains a defined contribution 403(b) plan, which allows all eligible employees to defer a portion of their eligible pretax earnings up to the annual contribution limit allowed by the Internal Revenue Service. The Organization's matching contributions are discretionary, and totaled \$101,140 and \$89,052 for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

NOTE 7 - RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Organization has a conflict of interest policy that requires all board members and officers to sign the policy annually and disclose conflicts of interest, if any. During the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, the Organization issued grants to other organizations of which a board member of the Organization is a member of management. Grants to related parties totaled \$252,550 and \$120,250 for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021 AND 2020

NOTE 8 - COMMITMENTS

Leases

The Organization leases office spaces under noncancelable lease agreements that expire between June 2022 and June 2027. One lease carries two 5-year extension options and another carries one 5-year extension option. The Organization is also obligated to pay their pro rata share of operating expenses, real estate taxes and is subject to periodic rent escalation under the leases.

Future minimum rental payments for each of the remaining years are as follows:

Year Ending December 31,

2022	\$	364,336
2022	Ψ	227,239
2024		83,035
2025		85,526
2026		88,092
Thereafter		44,697
	\$	892,925

Rent expense totaled \$446,993 and \$429,693 for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

Sublease

The Organization has a sublease agreement for a portion of a leased office space, which expires in June 2023.

Future rental payments to be received under the sublease agreement are as follows:

Year Ending December 31,

2022	\$ 107,501
2023	 55,094
	\$ 162,595

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021 AND 2020

NOTE 9 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Organization evaluated subsequent events through March 28, 2022, the date at which the financial statements were available to be issued. Other than what has been previously disclosed, the Organization is not aware of any significant events that occurred subsequent to the statement of financial position date, but prior to March 28, 2022, that would have a material impact on its financial statements.