



## Medicaid Per Capita Caps Hurt Kids

Children in low income families receive important screenings and treatment under Medicaid's Early Periodic Screening Diagnostic and Treatment (EPSDT) program, so that health problems are diagnosed and treated as early as possible. This is particularly important for children who are more likely to experience developmental delays due to challenges such as poor nutrition or exposure to lead-based paint. Medicaid EPSDT helps catch such developmental delays, connects children to the appropriate treatment.

School districts rely on Medicaid to help provide school-based health care such as vaccinations, vision and hearing screenings, and mental health care; and also use Medicaid funding to help pay for medically necessary special education services under the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA).

However, per capita caps would cut Medicaid funding and harm those who need health care the most.

### Medicaid per capita cap cuts will result in:

**Fewer health services** - Decreased access to critical health care for many children and youth, particularly in high needs and hard to serve rural communities.

**Cuts to general education** - Cuts in Medicaid funding would lead districts to divert funds from other educational programs to provide the services as mandated under IDEA and would reduce or eliminate "non-mandated" areas of regular education.

**Higher taxes** - Cuts in federal Medicaid funding will lead to deficits in districts that require increases in property taxes or new levies to cover the costs of the special education programs.

**Job loss** - Medicaid helps pay for school nurses, physical and occupational therapists, speech-language pathologists, school social workers, school psychologists, and many other critical school personnel who ensure students with disabilities and those with a variety of educational needs are able to learn.

### Arizona Medicaid Facts

981,357 Arizona children receive their health care through Medicaid and CHIP - that's 34% of all Arizona children;<sup>1</sup>

Arizona receives \$27,049,503 in federal Medicaid funds to provide school-based health care;<sup>2</sup>

Per capita caps would cut \$19 billion from Arizona Medicaid.<sup>3</sup>

- Fewer critical supplies** - Medicaid pays for critical supplies such as wheelchairs, hydraulic changing tables, walkers, weighted vests, lifts, and student-specific items that are necessary for each child to access curriculum as closely as possible to their non-disabled peers.
- Less support for mental health** - Seven out of ten students receiving mental health services receive these services at school. Cuts to Medicaid would further marginalize these critical services and leave students without access to care.
- Harm to children who need special ed** - Medicaid provides critical funding to help schools provide the specialized instructional supports that students with disabilities need to be educated with their peers.

**Per capita caps will harm children's access to care,  
including services received at school.**

## Contact Senator Flake Today

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### Additional Information:

- AASA, *The School Superintendents Association*, [The Cutting Medicaid: A Prescription to Hurt the Neediest Kids](#) (Jan. 2017).
- Center on Budget and Policy Priorities, [Medicaid Helps Schools Help Children](#) (April 18, 2017).
- NHeLP, [Protect Medicaid Funding: Children's Health](#) (updated March 2017).
- NHeLP, [Health Advocate: Medicaid's Early and Periodic, Screening, Diagnosis and Treatment in Schools and the Free Care Rule](#) (Feb. 2016).
- Centers for Medicaid & Medicaid Services, [EPSDT - A Guide for States: Coverage in the Medicaid Benefit for Children and Adolescents](#) (June 2014).

<sup>1</sup>See Georgetown Center for Children and Families, State Health Care Coverage Facts (Jan. 2017)  
<http://ccf.georgetown.edu/location/arizona/>.

<sup>2</sup>Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services, 2017 CMS-64 data compilation.

<sup>3</sup>Urban Institute, The Impact of Per Capita Caps on Federal and State Medicaid Spending (March 2017)

[http://www.urban.org/sites/default/files/publication/89061/2001186-the\\_impact-of-per-capita-caps-on-federal-spending-and-state-medicaid-spending.pdf](http://www.urban.org/sites/default/files/publication/89061/2001186-the_impact-of-per-capita-caps-on-federal-spending-and-state-medicaid-spending.pdf)

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